



Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: U20030
Product name: EGIDA 68

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Lubricant for guides and slits of machine tools.
Uses advised against: Different uses than those intended.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: CENTRO DISTRIBUZIONE UTENSILI SCPA
Full address: Via delle Gerole, 19
District and Country: 20867 CAPONAGO (MB)
ITALY
tel. +39 02 95746081
fax. + 39 02 95745182

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Supplier: info@cdu.net
CENTRO DISTRIBUZIONE UTENSILI SCPA

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: CENTRO DISTRIBUZIONE UTENSILI SCPA +39 02 95746081
(Technical support - Office hour 8.30-13.00 - 14.00-17.30)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq$ 0.1%.



SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification**X = Conc. %****Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)****LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED**

INDEX 649-530-00-X

75 ≤ X ≤ 95

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: L.
Substance with extract content in DMSO of less than 3% by weight,
determined using the IP 346 method.

EC 309-877-7

CAS 101316-72-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119489969-06

AMINES, C12-18 AND C18-(UNSATURATED) ALKYL

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0,050 ≤ X ≤ 0,099

Acute Tox. 4 H302, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Corr. 1B
H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10,
Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10
LD50 Oral: 1300 mg/kg

EC 701-068-0

CAS -

REACH Reg. 01-2119473798-17

Note L: the classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED

Symptoms / injuries after skin contact: contact with hot product can cause thermal burns.

Symptoms / injuries after eye contact: eye contact may cause slight transient irritation. Contact with hot product or vapors can cause burns.

Symptoms / injuries after ingestion: accidental ingestion of small amounts can cause irritation, nausea, malaise and stomach upset. Given the organoleptic characteristics of the product, the ingestion of dangerous quantities is however to be considered unlikely.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information for the doctor: symptomatically treatment.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters****GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany): 10

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Lubricant for guides and slits of machine tools.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters****Regulatory References:**

AUS Österreich
BEL Belgique

DNK Danmark
ESP España
HUN Magyarország

NLD Nederland

SWE Sverige

GBR United Kingdom
TLV-ACGIH

Gesamte Rechtsvorschrift für Grenzwertverordnung 2021, Fassung vom 17.06.2021
Liste de valeurs limites d'exposition aux agents chimiques, livre VI du code du bien-être au travail

Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
ACGIH 2021



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LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
MAK	AUS	5						
VLEP	BEL	5						
TLV	DNK	1		2				
VLA	ESP	5		10				
AK	HUN	5						
TGG	NLD	5						
NGV/KGV	SWE	1		3				
WEL	GBR	5		10				
TLV-ACGIH		5		10				

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)

9,33

mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Effects on consumers

Effects on workers

Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				0,74 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation							5,6 mg/m3	2,7 mg/m3
Skin								1 mg/kg bw/d

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Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,00026	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,000026	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,1794	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,01794	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	0,55	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	10	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Effects on consumers

Effects on workers

Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation								0,38 mg/m3

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration



and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	clear liquid	
Colour	brown	Remark: 3,5 (max 4 ASTM D1500)
Odour	of hydrocarbons	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	not available	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	> 150 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	not available	
Kinematic viscosity	61,2 - 74,8 mm ² /s	Temperature: 40 °C
Solubility	in water: insoluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Density and/or relative density	0,88 - 0,90 kg/dm ³	Temperature: 15 °C
Relative vapour density	not available	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes
Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics
Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity



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10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED

No dangerous reactions are foreseeable under normal conditions of storage and handling. Contact with strong oxidants (such as peroxides and chromates) can cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction and shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED

Avoid exposure to: flames, hot surfaces, ignition sources, electrostatic charges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED

Incompatible with: oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Incomplete combustion generates carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases. Combustion products include sulfur oxides (SO₂ and SO₃) and hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.).

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available.

Interactive effects

Information not available.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

not classified (no significant component)



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LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED
LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg bw Rabbit (OECD 402)
LD50 (Oral): > 5000 mg/kg Rat (OECD 401)
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 2,18 mg/l/4h Rat (OECD 403)

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LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg (OECD 402)
LD50 (Oral): 1300 mg/kg Rat (OECD 401)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

AMINES, C12-18 AND C18-(UNSATURATED) ALKYL

LC50 - for Fish	0,06 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (OECD 203)
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,011 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (OECD 202)
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,39 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD 201)
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,0013 mg/l 21d - Daphnia magna (OECD 211)
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,04 mg/l 72h - Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD 201)



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LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED

EC50 - for Crustacea > 10000 mg/l/48h (OECD 202)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 100 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD 201)

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 1000 mg/l 14d - Oncorhynchus mykiss

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 1000 mg/l 21d (OECD 211)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

AMINES, C12-18 AND C18-(UNSATURATED) ALKYL

Rapidly degradable 64% - 29d (OECD 301B)

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), C24-50, SOLVENT-EXTD., DEWAXED, HYDROGENATED

Entirely degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

AMINES, C12-18 AND C18-(UNSATURATED) ALKYL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 4,33 Log Kow (25°C)

BCF 173

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessmentOn the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.**12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties**

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable.

**14.4. Packing group**

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: none.Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006Product

Point 3

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls

Information not available.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 2: hazard to waters.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the mixture.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 4

Acute toxicity, category 4



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Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

Classification and procedure used to derive it in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) in relation to mixtures:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412	Calculation method

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament



5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 05 / 06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 16.